- 1. (15%) Find the volume of the solid region R bounded by the surface $f(x,y) = e^{-x^2}$ and the planes z = 0, y = 0, y = x, and x = 1.
- 2. (15%) Find the volume of the solid region Q bounded below by the upper nappe of the cone $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$ and above by the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$.
- 3. (15%) Let R be the region bounded by the lines x 2y = 0, x 2y = -4, x + y = 4, x + y = 1. Evaluate the double integral

$$\int_{R} \int 3xy dA.$$

4. (15%) Use Green's Theorem to evaluate the line integral

$$\int_C y^3 dx + (x^3 + 3xy^2) dy$$

where C is the path from (0,0) to (1,1) along the graph of $y=x^3$ and from (1,1) to (0,0) along the graph of y=x.

- 5. (10%) Let R be the annular region lying between the circles $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 5$. Evaluate the integral $\int_R \int (x^2 + y) dA$.
- 6. (10%) Find the surface area of the portion of the plane z=2-x-y that lies above the circle $x^2+y^2\leq 1$ in the first quadrant.
- 7. (10%) Evaluate $\int_C (x+2)ds$, where C is the curve represented by $\mathbf{r}(t) = t\mathbf{i} + \frac{4}{3}t^{3/2}\mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{2}t^2\mathbf{k}$, $0 \le t \le 2$.
- 8. (10%) Evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where C is a piecewise smooth curve from (1,1,0) to (0,2,3) and

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = 2xy\mathbf{i} + (x^2 + z^2)\mathbf{j} + 2yz\mathbf{k}.$$